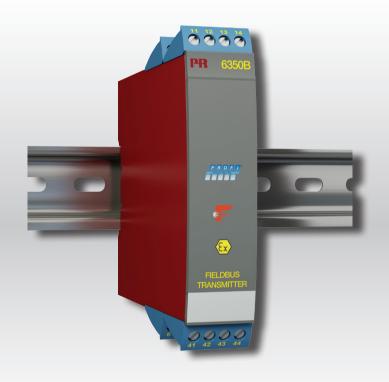


# **Product Manual** Burns Model T60 (PR 6350B2A)

## PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus Transmitter

















Burns FORM - 161222-C

No. 6350V104-UK

From serial no.: 151770053



## PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus Transmitter Burns T60 (PR 6350B2A)

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# PROFIBUS PA / FOUNDATION Fieldbus Transmitter 6350

- PROFIBUS PA ver. 3.0
- FOUNDATION Fieldbus ver. ITK 4.6
- · Automatic switch between protocols
- FISCO-certified
- 1 channel version

#### **Application**

- Linearized temperature measurement with RTD or TC sensor.
- Converts analog mA signals into digital values on the bus communication.
- Difference, average or redundancy temperature measurement with RTD or TC sensor.
- Linear resistance, potentiometer and bipolar mV

#### Model T60:

- Rail Mount Transmitter
- RTD & Thermocouple Capable

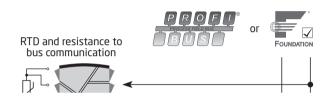
and for Foundation Fieldbus via Emerson DeltaV, Yokogawa CS 1000 / CS 3000, ABB Melody / Harmony and Honeywell Experion software.

- Built-in simulation mode function.
- Polarity-independent bus connection.
- 24 bit A/D converter ensures high resolution.
- · Profibus PA function blocks: 2 analog.
- Foundation Fieldbus function blocks: 2 analog and 1 PID.
- Foundation Fieldbus capability: LAS or Basic.

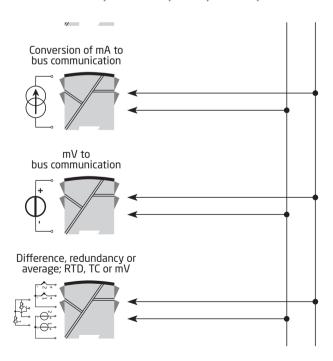
#### Mounting / installation

- Mounted vertically or horizontally on a DIN rail. Using the 2-channel version up to 84 channels per metre can be mounted.
- The 6350B can be mounted in zone 0, 1, 2 and zone 20, 21, 22 including M1 / Class I/II/ III, Division 1, Groups A, B, C, D.

### **Applications**



- HART® 5 or 7 communication
- Hazardous Location Approvals:
  - o ATEX, IECEx, FM, CSA, INMETRO



#### Model T60:

- Rail Mount Transmitter
- RTD & Thermocouple Capable
- HART® 5 or 7 communication
- Hazardous Location Approvals:
  - ATEX, IECEx, FM, CSA, INMETRO

#### **Electrical specifications**

#### **Environmental conditions:**

**Mechanical specifications:** 

#### Common specifications:

Supply voltage, DC

#### Accuracy, the greater of general and basic values:

General values			
Input type	Absolute accuracy	Temperature coefficient	
mA	≤ ±0.05% of reading	≤ ±0.003% of reading / °C	
Other types	≤ ±0.05% of reading	≤ ±0.002% of reading / °C	

Basic values			
Input type	Basic accuracy	Temperature coefficient	
Pt100 and Pt1000	≤ ±0.1°C	≤ ±0.002°C / °C	
Ni100Ni1000	≤ ±0.15°C	≤ ±0.002°C / °C	
Cu10	≤ ±1.3°C	≤ ±0.02°C / °C	
Lin. R	≤ ±0.05 Ω	≤ ±0.002 Ω / °C	
mA	≤ ±1 µA	≤ ±0.06 µA / °C	
mV	≤ ±10 µV	≤ ±0.2 µV / °C	
TC type: E, J, K, L, N, T, U	≤ ±0.5°C	≤ ±0.010°C / °C	
TC type: B, R, S, W3, W5	≤ ±1°C	≤ ±0.025°C / °C	

EMC immunity influence	< ±0.1% of reading
Extended EMC immunity:	
NAMUR NE 21, A criterion, burst	< ±1% of reading

#### Electrical specifications, input:

#### RTD and linear resistance input:

RTD type	Min. value	Max. value	Standard
Pt25Pt1000	-200°C	+850°C	IEC 60751 / JIS C 1604
Ni25Ni1000	-60°C	+250°C	DIN 43760
Cu10Cu1000	-200°C	+260°C	α = 0,00427
Lin. resistance	0 Ω	10 kΩ	-
Potentiometer	0 Ω	100 kΩ	-

Bipolar mV input:

#### TC input:

	Min.	Max.	
Type	temperature	temperature	Standard
В	+400°C	+1820°C	IEC 60584-1
E	-100°C	+1000°C	IEC 60584-1
J	-100°C	+1200°C	IEC 60584-1
K	-180°C	+1372°C	IEC 60584-1
L	-200°C	+900°C	DIN 43710
N	-180°C	+1300°C	IEC 60584-1
R	-50°C	+1760°C	IEC 60584-1
S	-50°C	+1760°C	IEC 60584-1
T	-200°C	+400°C	IEC 60584-1
U	-200°C	+600°C	DIN 43710
W3	0°C	+2300°C	ASTM E988-90
W5	0°C	+2300°C	ASTM E988-90
Ext. CJC	-40°C	+135℃	IEC60751

Sensor error current:

#### Output:

**PROFIBUS PA connection:** 

**FOUNDATION Fieldbus connection:** 

FOUNDATION Fieldbus function blocks. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . 2 analog and 1 PIDA

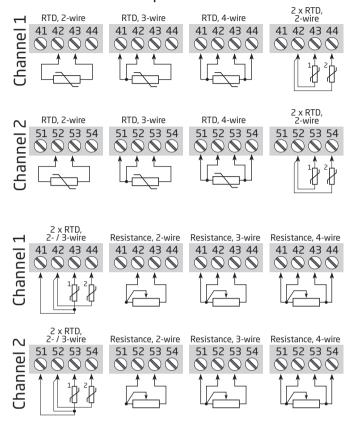
Approvals:

Ex / I.S.:

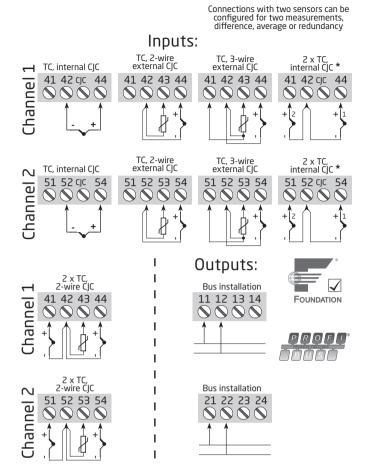
#### **RTD Connections**

Connections with two sensors can be configured for twomeasurements, difference, average or redundancy

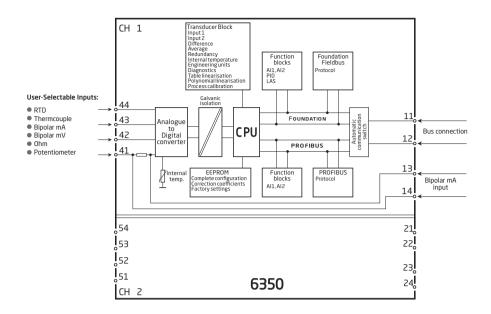
#### Inputs:



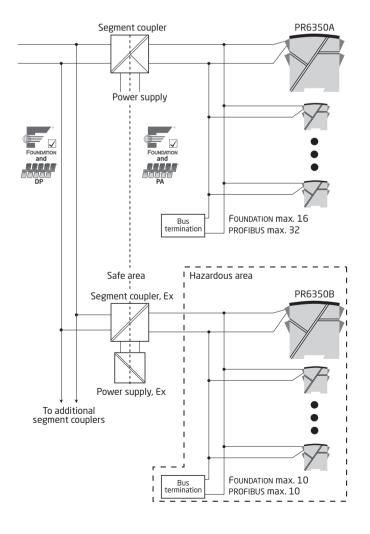
## Thermocouple Connections



## **Block diagram**



### **Bus installation**



6350V104-UK

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## ATEX Installation drawing



For safe installation of 6350B the following must be observed. The module shall only be installed by qualified personnel who are familiar with the national and international laws, directives and standards that apply to this area.

Year of manufacture can be taken from the first two digits in the serial number.

ATEX Certificate KEMA 03ATEX 1012 X

Marking



II 1 G Ex ia IIC T6...T4 Ga or II 2 (1) G Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6...T4 Gb II 1 D Ex ia IIIC Da I M 1 Ex ia I Ma

Standards EN 60079-0 : 2012, EN 60079-11 : 2012

#### General installation instructions

Electrostatic charges on the transmitter enclosure shall be avoided. Install in pollution degree 2 or better.

Profibus / Foundation Fieldbus Transmitter Type 6350B2x, for rail mounting, with one or two independent channels, converts the measurement signals of temperature sensors, mV signals or mA signals into a Profibus PA fieldbus or to a Foundation Fieldbus.

x = A (Single Channel) and x = B (Double Channel).

#### For marking Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP20 according to EN/IEC 60529 and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed. Ambient temperature range is specified under chapter "Electrical and thermal data".

#### For marking Ex ia IIIC Da

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP6X according to EN/IEC 60529, and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed.

The surface temperature of the enclosure is equal to the ambient temperature +20 K for a dust layer with a maximum thickness of 5 mm.

Ambient temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C

#### For marking Ex ia I Ma

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP6X according to EN/IEC 60529, and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed. Ambient temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C

#### Sensor Circuit and the Current Measurement Input Circuit

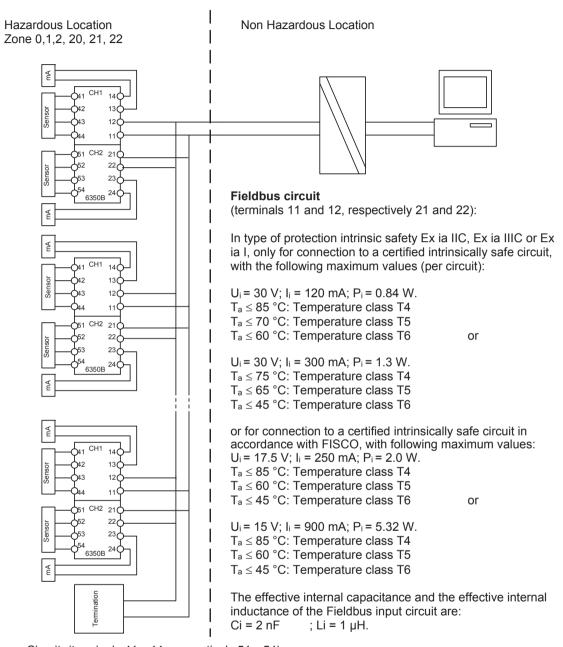
The Sensor Circuit is galvanically connected to the Current Measurement Input Circuit and only one circuit can be connected at a time.

The Input Circuits are not infallibly galvanic isolated from the Fieldbus input circuit. However, the galvanic isolation is capable of withstanding a test voltage of 500Vac during 1 minute.

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#### Sensor Circuit (terminals 41...44, respectively 51...54):

in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, with following maximum values:  $U_0 = 5.7 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_0 = 8.4 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_0 = 12 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_0 = 40 \mu\text{F}$ ;  $L_0 = 200 \text{ mH}$ .

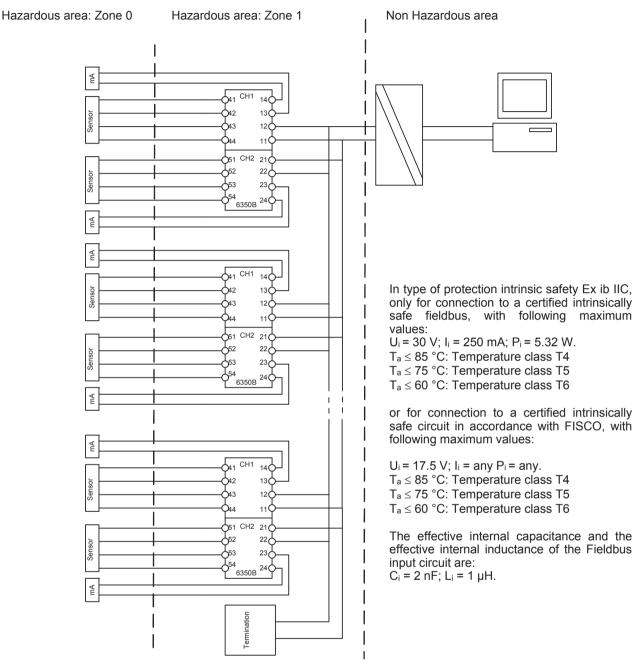
#### Current Measurement Input Circuit (terminals 13 and 14, respectively 23 and 24):

in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit, with the following maximum values (per circuit):  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_i = 140 \text{ mA}$ ,  $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ ,  $C_i = 0 \text{ nF}$ ,  $L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$ 

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Sensor Circuit (terminals 41...44, respectively 51...54):

in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, with following maximum values:  $U_0$  = 5.7 V;  $I_0$  = 8.4 mA;  $P_0$  = 12 mW;  $C_0$  = 40  $\mu$ F;  $L_0$  = 200 mH.

<u>Current Measurement Input Circuit (terminals 13 and 14, respectively 23 and 24):</u> in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit, with the following maximum values (per circuit):  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_i = 140 \text{ mA}$ ,  $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ ,  $C_i = 0 \text{ nF}$ ,  $L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$ 

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### **IECEx** Installation drawing



For safe installation of 6350B the following must be observed. The module shall only be installed by qualified personnel who are familiar with the national and international laws, directives and standards that apply to this area.

Year of manufacture can be taken from the first two digits in the serial number.

IECEx Certificate DEK 14.0071X

Marking Ex ia IIC T6..T4 Ga

Ex ib [ia Ga] IIC T6..T4 Gb

Ex ia IIIC Da Ex ia I Ma

Standards IEC60079-11:2011, IEC60079-0: 2011

#### General installation instructions

Electrostatic charges on the transmitters enclosure shall be avoided. Install in pollution degree 2 or better.

Profibus / Foundation Fieldbus Transmitter Type 6350B2x, for rail mounting, with one or two independent channels, converts the measurement signals of temperature sensors, mV signals or mA signals into a Profibus PA fieldbus or to a Foundation Fieldbus.

x = A (Single Channel) and x = B (Double Channel).

#### For marking Ex ia IIC T6 ... T4 Ga

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP20 according to EN/IEC 60529 and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed. Ambient temperature range is specified under chapter "Electrical and thermal data".

#### For marking Ex ia IIIC Da

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP6X according to EN/IEC 60529, and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed.

The surface temperature of the enclosure is equal to the ambient temperature +20 K for a dust layer with a maximum thickness of 5 mm.

Ambient temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C

#### For marking Ex ia I Ma

The transmitter shall be mounted in an enclosure that provides a degree of protection of at least IP6X according to EN/IEC 60529, and that is suitable for the application and correctly installed. Ambient temperature range: -40 °C to +85 °C

#### Sensor Circuit and the Current Measurement

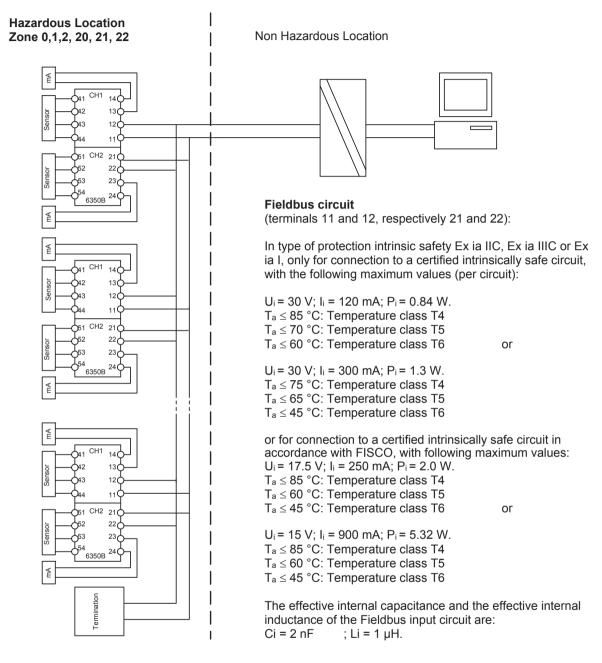
The Sensor Circuit is galvanically connected to the Current Measurement Input Circuit and only one circuit can be connected at a time.

The Input Circuits are not infallibly galvanic isolated from the Fieldbus input circuit. However, the galvanic isolation is capable of withstanding a test voltage of 500Vac during 1 minute.

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#### Sensor Circuit (terminals 41...44, respectively 51...54):

in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, with following maximum values:  $U_0 = 5.7 \text{ V}$ ;  $I_0 = 8.4 \text{ mA}$ ;  $P_0 = 12 \text{ mW}$ ;  $C_0 = 40 \mu\text{F}$ ;  $L_0 = 200 \text{ mH}$ .

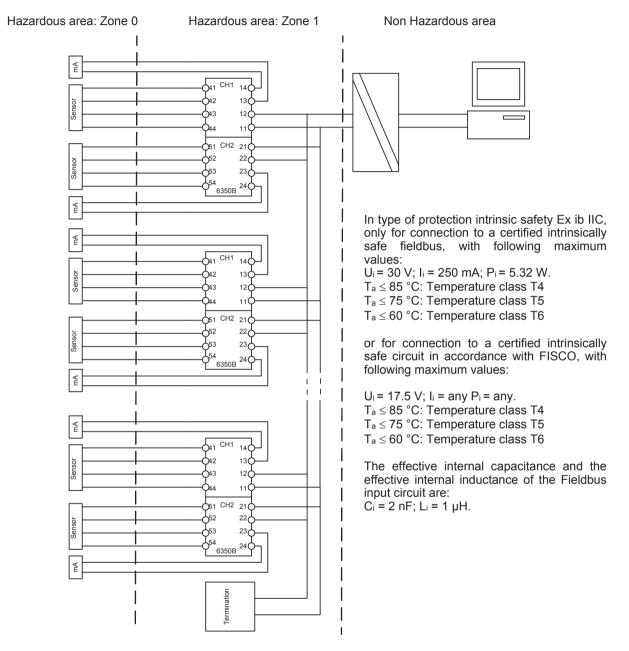
#### Current Measurement Input Circuit (terminals 13 and 14, respectively 23 and 24):

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Sensor Circuit (terminals 41...44, respectively 51...54):

in type of protection intrinsic safety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, with following maximum values:  $U_0$  = 5.7 V;  $I_0$  = 8.4 mA;  $P_0$  = 12 mW;  $C_0$  = 40  $\mu$ F;  $L_0$  = 200 mH.

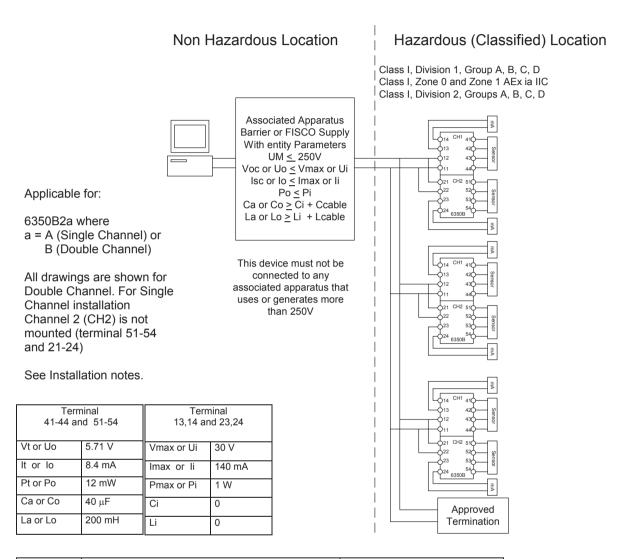
<u>Current Measurement Input Circuit (terminals 13 and 14, respectively 23 and 24):</u> in type of protection intrinsic sapfety Ex ia IIC, Ex ia IIIC or Ex ia I, only for connection to a certified intrinsically safe circuit, with the following maximum values (per circuit):  $U_i = 30 \text{ V}$ ,  $I_i = 140 \text{ mA}$ ,  $P_i = 1 \text{ W}$ ,  $C_i = 0 \text{ nF}$ ,  $L_i = 0 \text{ mH}$ 

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## FM/CSA Installation Drawing

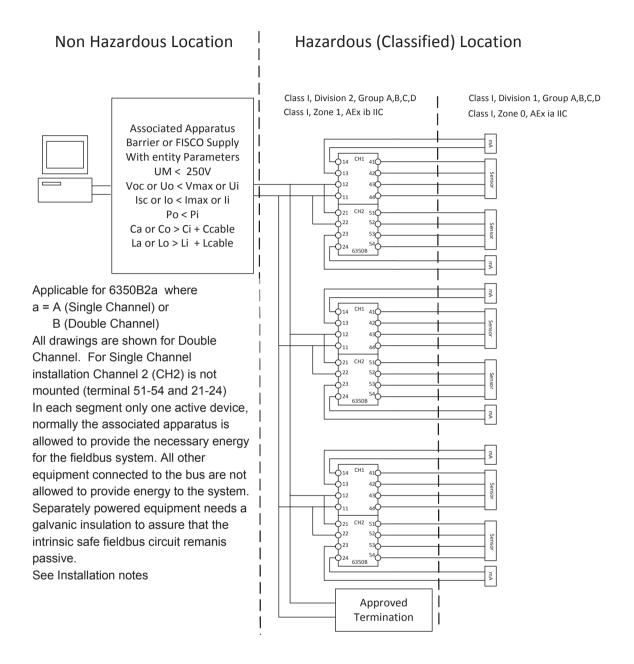


Terminal	IS, Class I, Division 1, Group A,B,C,D			Class I, Division 2,		
11-12 21-22	Class I,Zone 0 AEx ia IIC			Class I, Zone '	1 AEx ib IIC	
		Entity	,Fisco			
T1T5	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C
T6	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +45°C	Ta ≤ +45°C	Ta ≤ +45°C	Ta ≤ +60°C	Ta ≤ +60°C
Vmax or Ui	30 V	30V	17.5 V	15V	30 V	17.5 V
lmax or li	120 mA	300mA	250 mA	any	250 mA	any
Pmax or Pi	0.84 W	1.3 W	2.0 W	any	5.32 W	any
Ci	2 nF	2 nF	2 nF	2 nF	2 nF	2 nF
Li	1 μΗ	1 μΗ	1 μΗ	1 μΗ	1 μΗ	1 μΗ

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Terminal		Terminal	
13,14 and 23,24		11,12 and 21,22	
Vmax (Ui)	30 V	30 V 17.5 V	
lmax (li)	140 mA	250 mA	any
Pmax (Pi)	1 W	5.32 W	any
Ci	0	2 nF	2 nF
Li	0	1 μΗ	1 μΗ

Terminal 41-44 and 51-54		
Vt or Uo	5.71 V	
It or lo	8.4 mA	
Pt or Po 12 mW		
Ca or Co	40 μF	
La or Lo	200 mH	

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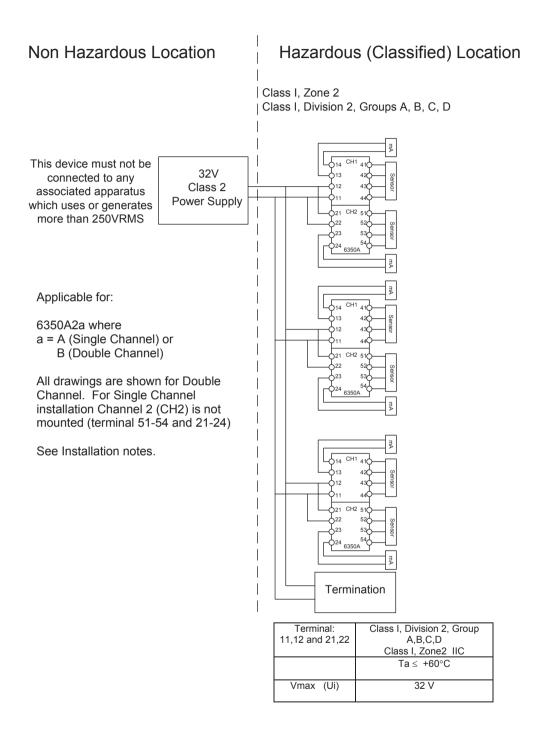
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6350V104-UK

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#### Installation notes:

This drawing applies to models 6350A2a and 6350B2a Where: a = A (Single Channel) or B (Double Channel)

All drawings are shown as Double Channel.

For Single Channel installation Channel 2 (CH2) is not mounted (terminal 51-54 and 21-24)

For installation in the US the 6350 must be installed according to National Electrical Code (ANSI-NFPA 70).

For installation in Canada the transmitter must be installed in a suitable enclosure to meet installation codes stipulated in the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC).

For installation in Canada different intrinsically safe circuits need to be separated as outlined in the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC)

#### The entity concept

Equipment that is FM / CSA -approved for intrinsic safety may be connected to barriers based on the ENTITY CONCEPT. This concept permits interconnection of approved transmitters, meters and other devices in combinations which have not been specifically examined by FM / CSA, provided that the agency's criteria are met. The combination is intrinsically safe, if the entity concept is acceptable to the authority having jurisdiction over the installation.

The entity concept criteria are as follows:

The intrinsically safe devices, other than barriers, must not be a source of power.

The maximum voltage  $Ui(V_{MAX})$  and current  $Ii(I_{MAX})$ , and maximum power Pi(Pmax), which the device can receive and remain intrinsically safe, must be equal to or greater than the voltage (Uo or  $V_{OC}$  or  $V_{t}$ ) and current (Io or  $I_{SC}$  or  $I_{t}$ ) and the power Po which can be delivered by the barrier. The sum of the maximum unprotected capacitance  $(C_{i})$  for each intrinsically device and the interconnecting wiring must be less than the capacitance  $(C_{a})$  which can be safely connected to the

The sum of the maximum unprotected inductance ( $L_i$ ) for each intrinsically device and the interconnecting wiring must be less than the inductance ( $L_a$ ) which can be safely connected to the barrier.

The entity parameters Uo, Voc or  $V_t$  and  $Io, I_{SC}$  or  $I_t$ , and  $C_a$  and  $L_a$  for barriers are provided by the barrier manufacturer.

#### **FISCO** rules

The FISCO Concept allows the interconnection of intrinsically safe apparatus to associated apparatus not specifically examined in such combination. The criterion for such interconnection is that the voltage (Vmax), the current (Imax) and the power (Pi) which intrinsically safe apparatus can receive and remain intrinsically safe, considering faults, must be equal or greater than the voltage (Uo, Voc, Vt), the current (Io, Isc, It,) and the power (Po) which can be provided by the associated apparatus (supply unit). In addition, the maximum unprotected residual capacitance (Ci) and inductance (Li) of each apparatus (other than the terminators) connected to the Fieldbus must be less than or equal to 5 nF and 10  $\mu$ H respectively.

In each I.S. Fieldbus segment only one active source, normally the associated apparatus, is allowed to provide the necessary power for the Fieldbus system. The allowed voltage (Uo, Voc, Vt) of the associated apparatus used to supply the bus must be limited to the range of 14V d.c. to 24V d.c. All other equipment connected to the bus cable has to be passive, meaning that the apparatus is not allowed to provide energy to the system, except to a leakage current of 50  $\mu$ A for each

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connected device. Separately powered equipment needs a galvanic isolation to insure that the intrinsically safe Fieldbus circuit remains passive.

The cable used to interconnect the devices needs to comply with the following parameters:

Loop resistance R': 15 ...150  $\Omega$ /KM Inductance per unit length L': 0.4...1mH/km Capacitance per unit length C': 80 ...200 nF/km C' = C' line/line + 0.5 C' line/screen, if both lines are floating or C'= C' line/line + C' line/screen, if the screen is connected to one line Length of spur Cable: max. 30m Length of trunk cable: max. 1Km Length of splice: max. 1m

#### **Terminators**

At each end of the trunk cable an approved line terminator with the following parameters is suitable: R = 90 ...100  $\Omega$  C = 0 ...2.2  $\mu$ F.

#### System evaluation

The number of passive devices like transmitters, actuators, connected to a single bus segment is not limited due to I.S. reasons. Furthermore, if the above rules are respected, the inductance and capacitance of the cable need not to be considered and will not impair the intrinsic safety of the installation.

The sensor circuit is not infallibly galvanic isolated from the Fieldbus input circuit. However, the galvanic isolation between the circuits is capable of withstanding a test voltage of 500Vac during 1 minute.

#### **Installation Notes For FISCO and Entity Concepts:**

- 1. The Intrinsic Safety Entity concept allows the interconnection of FM / CSA Approved Intrinsically safe devices (Div 1 or Zone 0 or Zone1) and non.incendive apparatus (Div 2 or Zone 2) ,with entity parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when: Uo or Voc or Vt ≤ Vmax, Io or Isc or It ≤ Imax, Po ≤ Pi. Ca or Co ≥ ΣCi + ΣCcable, La or Lo ≥ ΣLi + ΣLcable, Po ≤ Pi.
- The Intrinsic Safety FISCO concept allows the interconnection of FM / CSA Approved Intrinsically safe devices with FISCO parameters not specifically examined in combination as a system when:
  - Uo or Voc or Vt  $\leq$  Vmax, lo or lsc or lt  $\leq$  Imax, Po  $\leq$  Pi.
- 3. Dust-tight conduit seals must be used when installed in Class II and Class III environments.
- Control equipment connected to the Associated Apparatus must not use or generate more than 250 Vrms or Vdc.
- Installation should be in accordance with ANSI/ISA RP12.6 (except chapter 5 for FISCO Installations) "Installation of Intrinsically Safe Systems for Hazardous (Classified) Locations" and the National Electrical Code® (ANSI/NFPA 70) Sections 504 and 505.
- The configuration of associated Apparatus must be Factory Mutual Research or CSA Approved under the associated concept.
- Associated Apparatus manufacturer's installation drawing must be followed when installing this equipment.

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- 8. The 6350 Series are Approved for Class I, Zone 0, applications. If connecting AEx[ib] associated Apparatus or AEx ib I.S. Apparatus to the 6350 the I.S. circuit is only suitable for Class I, Zone 1, or Class I, Zone 2, and is not suitable for Class I, Zone 0 or Class I, Division 1, Hazardous (Classified) Locations."
- 9. No revision to drawing without prior FM / CSA Approval.
- Simple Apparatus is defined as a device that neither generates nor stores more than 1.2V, 0.1A 20uJ or 25mW.
- 11. The termination must be NRTL approved, and the resistor must be infallible.
- 12. Warning:

For applications in Div2 or Zone 2 (Classified Locations) Explosion hazard: Except for field circuits, do not disconnect the apparatus unless the area is known to be non hazardous.

13. Warning:

Substitution of Components May Impair Safety.

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## **Document history**

The following list provides notes concerning revisions of this document.

Rev. ID	Date	Notes
104	15/48	IECEx approval added

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